

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. IV.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25TH, 1883.

No. 43.

LOCAL.

THE river improvement party started down stream on Thursday.

THE bar opposite the Edmonton mills has appeared above water.

D. McRAE has moved into his new butcher shop on Fraser avenue.

THE H.B.Co. shipped six carts loaded with goods to Victoria yesterday.

A FINE Canadian horse belonging to Alex. McDonald died suddenly last week.

NINE cart loads of freight arrived from the end of the track for Brown & Curry on Tuesday.

SIXTEEN thousand dollars is the amount of money brought to Edmonton to pay the treaty.

J. HANEY expects to start up the river on another prospecting expedition in a couple of weeks.

NORMAN VANDAL left for the Athabasca landing on Saturday last with freight for the H.B.Co.

E. CAREY who was confined to his bed for some weeks has recovered and is in harness once more.

MAIL arrived at noon on Thursday, being eighteen hours behind time. It leaves at noon to-day.

A TRAPPER named Gray is getting from six to ten beaver daily, about the Stony rapids, up the river.

F. BYRNE has opened a shoe shop in rear of Kelly & McLeod's new billiard parlor, on Fraser avenue.

J. INKSTER shot seven out of a flock of eight geese yesterday. He expects to get the other one to-day.

JOE McDONALD started for Ft. Pitt yesterday. He is freighting for the Company and Indian department.

THE H.B.Co. despatched a special packet to Peace river on Sunday last, and the northern packet on Monday.

OWING to the late heavy weather the telegraph line is again demoralized, but will be in working order in a few days.

J. MCKAY, of the H.B.Co., who has been seriously ill for some weeks, is convalescent and will shortly be able to resume his duties.

ON Monday the H.B.Co. mill temporarily resumed operations for the purpose of cutting lath enough to finish the Presbyterian church.

H. BANNERMAN has had his house on the Macdonald & McLeod estatesheeted with rustic siding, and is having the interior overhauled also.

SGT. GELBERT shot twelve ducks and a prairie chicken on the way up from Ft. Saskatchewan to Edmonton yesterday, without leaving the road.

HARVESTING has commenced all along the line. The crop promises to be much above the average, except on new breaking which will be short owing to the dry season.

A PARTY of four, Sgt. Geldert, Sgt. Parker, J. Dandy and J. Brazeau, went out shooting on Tuesday and succeeded in bagging 133 ducks within a radius of four miles of the barracks.

SOME Indians up the river where D. Noyes is getting out logs for Hardisty & Fraser claim all the timber in that vicinity, but as they consider Mr. Noyes a friend of theirs they allow him to take all he wants.

G. A. SIMPSON has bought the scow used last summer at the lower ferry from John Walter. It will be placed on the river at Clover bar, and will be run by a cable between there and the Hermitage. The colonization company will supply the cable and run the ferry in connection with the offices and other buildings about to be erected at Clover bar by them.

TWENTY thousand feet of lumber in charge of six carpenters was rafted down to Clover bar last Wednesday. A like shipment will follow in a few days. The Edmonton and Saskatchewan land company is about to erect its buildings at that point, on section 20. They will consist of a boarding house, blacksmith and carpenter shops, a church, a store, an office, and barns and stables. A cable has been ordered from Winnipeg to run the scow which will be free for all, and as the road has been much improved between Clover bar and Ft. Saskatchewan a free ferry at the former place will make this route a favorite one between here and the barracks. The church will not be denominational but will be free to any who wish to hold service in it. It is expected that all the buildings will be completed before winter comes.

WALTER & IRVINE killed a two year old steer (grass fed) on Saturday last that weighed 724 pounds dressed. Edmonton grass is a good beef producer.

THE Edmonton school opened on Monday with a large increase in the attendance. There are now forty names on the roll and this week the average attendance was twenty three. As soon as the rush is over amongst the farmers the attendance will be still further increased.

THE lord bishop of Saskatchewan, accompanied by Mrs. McLean, left Winnipeg on the 9th inst. for the end of the track, and from thence proceeded to visit the mission stations at and around Ft. MacLeod. His lordship will leave Calgary next week for Edmonton which he is expected to reach in time to administer the rite of confirmation in All Saints church on Sunday, Sept. 2nd.

ON Thursday last every preparation was made for the launching of the large scow to be used by the North-West gold mining company in developing the gold resources of the Saskatchewan. As this was an era in the progress of civilization in the North-West, Mr. Levy, the manager sought to make a public demonstration of the event. The grand finale was appointed for seven o'clock on Thursday evening, when a bottle of pain-killer or some equally innocent beverage was to be broken on her side and the name of "The Gold Pan" given to her. The launch went off very well indeed barring a slight accident the cause of which could not be foreseen. It was necessary to lower the boat down on the shoes or slides fitting upon the ways. The slides having a gentle slope, and having been plentifully greased, no trouble was anticipated about its sliding on its own hook, but no sooner did the scow find its incline than it started off to find the water on its own account, leaving the shoes behind. She slid down with the greatest velocity into the water and mud, with no other mishap however than breaking one of the braces over the rudder. A few hours work in the morning successfully accomplished the launch. She will be ready to start operations in three weeks.

CAPT. PREVOST, of the North-West mounted police, and four constables arrived from Calgary with the treaty money on Thursday. He left Calgary on Saturday with a four horse team, a buckboard and team, and a saddle horse. Business in Calgary is very good and professional men and mechanics are flocking in. There are four doctors and seven lawyers in the place. The track was laid twenty miles west of Calgary, and regular trains were running on schedule time. Grading was finished to the Gap. Police are stationed all the way up to the Gap, and several successful raids have been made on the whiskey traders. Padmore city is the distributing point for supplies. It was expected that a grand celebration would be held on the 15th in commemoration of the completion of the line to Calgary, but as none of the celebrities were on hand the affair was postponed until the 25th. It is expected that the weekly mail service would start at once between Calgary and Edmonton. Capt. Prevost is much pleased with the country around Edmonton and more especially with the situation of the town. He considers it one of the very best he has seen in the North-West. As far as now known the treaty money will be paid on or about the 15th September. He will return to the south in three or four days.

GEORGE BEATTY arrived from Red Deer city on Tuesday. The roads were in good condition being dry and hard. The hotel is nearly completed and the travelling public is being supplied with all necessities. R. McKenzie and two brothers arrived from Winnipeg on the 10th with their portable saw mill. It will start work a few miles east of the crossing on the river bank, and the lumber will be hauled up to the settlement by wagons. Eight families arrived with McKenzie and are settled on the creek four miles east of the city. The upper settlement, on the Little Red Deer, is thriving and now consists of fifteen families. Mr. McCormack arrived from Toronto with some stock and at once started to erect a dwelling house for his family who will come as soon as it is completed. The crops in both settlements are as good as could be expected. The season has been a very dry one and all the grain is growing on sod breaking. The acreage has been greatly increased and much more will be done before winter sets in. A large quantity of hay has been cut and stacked. The prices of goods are lower than in Edmonton. Everyone is satisfied with the country and has high hopes of the future of the settlement. Watson was working on the river prospecting, but the gold could not be found in paying quantities.

THE ball last night in Kelly & McLeod's new hall was not very well attended. Dancing was commenced at eight o'clock and kept up until a late hour this morning. Supper was spread at Pagerie's at midnight. The affair was orderly, and all present seemed to thoroughly enjoy themselves.

THE Rev. Canon Cooper will conduct the services in All Saints church to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. In accordance with the wish of the lord bishop of Saskatchewan that there should be a collection in every church in the diocese on one Sunday in the year, in aid of the funds of the society for the propagation of the gospel, there will be a collection at both the services for this object.

THE Masonic brethren meet this evening to welcome the Rev. Canon W. H. Cooper who is an old and very enthusiastic mason, he having founded and served for two years as W.M. of lodge Akaroa, New Zealand, and afterwards been W.M. of Glen Innes lodge, New South Wales. He is also past district grand chaplain of Canterbury, New Zealand, and is the bearer of a letter of commendation given him by the grand lodge of England by the special direction of the prince of Wales, grand master.

KELLY & McLEOD have moved into their new premises lately erected on the north-east corner of Fraser avenue and Main street. The size of the building is 40 x 26 feet and it has an elevation of 21 feet. The lower flat is used for a billiard room and saloon, is the full size of the building with an eleven-foot ceiling, and is well lighted by seven windows. It is ceiled with matched lumber and is finished on the sides with a wainscoting of five feet and oak grained paper from that to the ceiling. It is painted throughout and furnished with three billiard tables from the manufactory of S. May, Toronto. A mirror 6 x 31 feet adorns the bar, and two large chandeliers are suspended independent of the table and wall lights. There are two entrances to this room, one from each street. Up stairs the space is intended for a place to hold public meetings, etc., and is a large roomy place, well lighted by six windows, and calculated to seat from 250 to 300 people. It is 9 ft. 6 in. high, and will be finished with matched lumber and oak grained paper. It contains a dressing room 6 x 10 feet, and is entered from Fraser avenue by a good wide stairway. The outside of the building is yet to be sheeted with rustic siding, underlaid with tar paper, and painted. The contractors are Messrs. Woelfle and McEae, and the cost when finished will be \$2,500.

DONALD McLEOD's stage arrived from Calgary on Saturday evening last. It left Calgary on Tuesday, being delayed one day by the ferry. It brought one passenger, Mr. Steinhauer. When the stage left, the railroad was completed and trains running to Calgary. Freight was being shipped to that point from Winnipeg. Langdon & Shepard's contract being completed they, instead of sending their men back to the starting point as promised, wished to turn them over to the company which had the contract to complete the line over the mountains. The men refused and made hostile demonstrations, demanding the fulfillment of the contract. Things became so serious that it was found necessary to parade the mounted police in full force which had the effect of quelling the disturbance, but an understanding between the contractors and men had not been arrived at when the stage left. Large numbers of people were arriving daily by the trains, but business as a general thing was dull, excepting in the saloons which were full day and night. The roads between here and Calgary were in first-class order, all the creeks being low. Mr. Young, the driver, understood the mail contract for a weekly service to Edmonton was to be let on Wednesday, the 15th instead of started as before reported and understood here. The Elbow bridge was completed on Monday night, the 13th, and work was being pushed on to the summit by the new contractors. M. McCauley and family and Coleman's stage were met on Monday, and Messrs. R. Hardisty and family, Donald McLeod, Pere Leduc and party, on Tuesday evening. A great many families were going to the Red Deer settlement to take up land. They came principally from White Horse plains, Manitoba. The stage started back on its regular trip on Monday afternoon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—The office of the Edmonton and Saskatchewan land company (limited) has been removed to Clover bar. GEO. A. SIMPSON, agent. August 14th, 1883.

MASONIC.—Saskatchewan Lodge No. 17, G.R.M., A. F. & A. M. — An emergent meeting of the above lodge will be held in the Masonic Hall, Edmonton, on Saturday, 25th inst., at 7.30 p.m. Visiting brethren cordially invited. By order of the W.M. W. STIFF, Secretary.

REAL ESTATE NOTICE.—Parties wishing to purchase lots or land in the "Robertson & McGinn property, lot 12, Edmonton," or in the "Macdonald & McLeod property, lot 14, Edmonton," or in the "Macdonald & Lamoureux property, in the city of Saskatchewan," must deal with the subscribers only, or with Francis Lamoureux or Jos. Lamoureux. Plans may be seen at the office of the subscribers or at that of G. A. Watson, barrister, Edmonton. A. McDONALD & CO.

NOTICE.—To all whom it may concern: I, Moise Lamoureux, of Sturgeon river, having suffered damages caused me by some members of the Roman Catholic mission trying to force a road through my enclosure by tearing down the fence at three different times; being informed that road questions cannot be settled by justices of the peace, and having to wait until December next to recover damages and establish my right in a higher court: Let all whom it may concern take notice, that until such time and for the protection of any crops I shall take upon myself to prevent trespassing and stop the destruction of my fence and property—come what may. M. LAMOUREUX.

NOTICES.

MEN'S COARSE AND FINE BOOTS and Shoes at FRANK OLIVER'S

GRAIN CRADLES, Scythes and Snaiths, Pitch Forks, Potato Forks, etc. at FRANK OLIVER'S.

SOAP, CANDLES, MATCHES, Wooden Pails, Brooms, Clothes Lines, Clothes Pins, etc. at FRANK OLIVER'S.

FOUND.—About 90 miles from Edmonton, on the telegraph trail, a bay pony, branded on right hip. Owner can have him by proving property and paying expenses. Apply at the Bulletin office. H. V. HOWE.

H.B.CO. LOTS.—NOTICE.—The H.B.Co. land agent requests all who have any business to settle with the company to call at his office, in the H.B.Co. fort, as soon as possible. Office open all day and evenings.

TWO LET, on reasonable terms, at Ft. Saskatchewan, about 400 yards from police barracks, a four roomed house with frame kitchen attached. Would do either for a store or dwelling house, with convenient stable and outhouses. Apply to Robt. Belcher, Ft. Saskatchewan.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.—The Calgary ferry is situated about a mile below the mouth of Nose creek. Travellers should leave the trail before it descends into the valley of Nose creek and keep on the bench land close to the river until the ferry is reached. Rates moderate. Special terms made with large outfits.

ROYAL MAIL passenger, express and fast freight line, making fortnightly trips between Edmonton and the end of the track, via Peace hills, Battle river, Red Deer city and Calgary. For particulars as to passenger, express and freight rates apply to McPHERSON & COLEMAN, proprietors. Office in the Bulletin building, Edmonton.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS—Tea, black, green, and Japan; Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, myrtle navy smoking, Prince of Wales and Napoleon chewing; Syrup in keg or can, Apples dried and evaporated; Plums, Prunes, Currants, Raisins, Mixed and Fancy Candies, Spices, California Canned Fruit, Figs, Dates, and Almonds. Smoked Bacon, Hams, Rice, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Sage, etc.—at the lowest cash prices at FRANK OLIVER'S.

EDMONTON AND CALGARY STAGE.—Making weekly trips between said points—leaves the Jasper house, Edmonton, at 9 and the steamboat dock at 9.30 o'clock every Monday morning, stopping at Peace hills, Battle river, Red Deer crossing and Willow creek, and arriving at Calgary on Friday. Returning, leaves Calgary Monday, stops at same places, and arrives at Edmonton on Friday. Fare each way \$25; 100 lbs baggage allowed. Express matter 10c per lb. Passengers arriving in Edmonton and wishing to go to St. Albert or Ft. Saskatchewan, will be forwarded to those places at a very moderate charge. Edmonton office in Jasper house; Calgary office in H.B.Co. store. D. McLEOD, proprietor.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—One Dollar per quarter (thirteen issues). Advertising Rates—Standing advertisements, fifty cents a line per quarter; transient advertisements, five cents a line each insertion; no advertisement inserted for less than One Dollar. **OLIVER & DUNLOP**, Proprietors.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, AUG. 25, 1888.

THE MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

The legislators of Manitoba have just closed a seven weeks' session in which a very considerable amount of important legislation was accomplished. Marked changes have been made in the laws relating to property and civil rights—matters in legislating for which the great majority of the members know little and care less, and the real work was left principally to the three lawyers who are to be found in the house. It is said that the corresponding statutes of Ontario have been closely followed, and possibly no serious blunders have been made. However, some queer bills interfering with vested rights found a place. One for instance was brought in at the instigation of some citizens who hold as trustees a tract of land given by a private citizen for use as a public park, and they ask the legislature to give them the land in fee simple so that they may sell it in building lots! Another case of the same kind is a bill to hand over to a new temperance society property owned and still claimed by another organization!

The most conspicuous thing in the address from the throne was the proposal to call a convention of delegates from all the provinces for the purpose of reconsidering the provisions of the British North America act under which the provinces are united into the Dominion. The object in calling such a gathering is in the first place to define more strictly the limits of federal and provincial jurisdiction, and to have it established once for all what subjects are within the powers of each government. In the second place it is hoped to obtain better terms for Manitoba from the federal government. This cry for better terms is almost sure to be a popular one in any province, and time and again it has been raised with good effect on the occasion of an election. For years it was the slogan of the maritime provinces, and later British Columbia took it up; now it is Manitoba's turn, and all the provinces are to be called together to back it up and give it effect. But it is extremely doubtful if the rallying cry which was so popular in each province in turn will be chorused as heartily when an attempt is made to raise it by all the provinces on behalf of one of their number. The giving of better terms to one at the expense of the others, or at least without their getting a share of the plunder, is very likely to fall flat especially when the fact is considered that some of those provinces are already jealous of Manitoba and not especially anxious to forward her interests.

The speech from the throne was remarkable not only for what it did contain but for what it did not. It will be remembered in what vigorous language Mr. Norquay assured the people of Emerson last winter that if re-elected he would re-enact the Emerson and Northwestern railway charter again and again until the Dominion government for very weariness would consent to its passing. But all that is forgotten now, and not only was there no mention of the disallowed charter in the speech from the throne, but the whole session was allowed to pass over without a motion in regard to it.

Among the matters of general interest brought before the legislature were bills relating to the division of the province into municipalities and assize districts, to hinder the spread of epidemics, to prevent municipalities from levying too high a tax on the railway property within their borders, and to secure the payment of builders and workmen.

There is a good deal to find fault with when one comes to consider the manners of the house. One is tempted to think that the existence of a branch of the Bodega saloon in one of the committee rooms had something to do with some of the scenes on the floor of the house, as apparently it had with midnight serenades to which hon. members now and then treated residents in the neigh-

borhood of the new court house where the sessions were held. However this may be, it is to be regretted that there was such a disposition to drag in stormy scenes warmed over from the elections, such a frequency to indulge in coarse and tasteless jokes with which members were interrupted, and such a use of violent language by one member to another. The speaker, who by the way is a native of Kildonan, is evidently a man of rare good sense whatever be his knowledge of parliamentary usage, but sometimes he had his hands full to keep the house under control. The epithet "liar" has ceased to be unparliamentary language in Manitoba. Its use provokes no reproof from the speaker and no expression of disapproval from the house. The member to whom the name is applied only says that he is quite willing under the circumstances to be called a liar by the hon. gentleman opposite.

There are as was to be expected a considerable number of new members, and Mr. Norquay was able to say that of all who entered public life with him in 1871 he alone was a member of the present parliament. He is undoubtedly a clever politician. By constitution a liberal but a conservative by interest he is one of the most adaptable of men; his natural shrewdness and his long acquaintance with the affairs of the country and the kind of people he has to deal with enables him to gauge the country's pulse to a nicety, but he is altogether destitute of moral backbone and can never be a statesman in any worthy sense of the term. Like his hero of the Dominion parliament he finds that the role of the "artful dodger" is the one that demands the fewest sacrifices of what is valuable to him and it has kept him thus far on the crest of the wave. C. P. Brown, minister of public works, is next to the premier the ablest man in the cabinet: he is a man of a good deal of energy which is not always expended on the wisest objects, but he has never been very pronounced in his views and it is even hinted that he may turn out to be a prominent man on the liberal side. Of the other members of the cabinet M. Lariviere, the provincial secretary, is a decent nobody, but the attorney-general, Mr. Sutherland, who like the premier is a native of the province, is a man of pronounced characteristics and is one of the best known both in the house and out of it. It is a standing joke that the province should have such a man as its attorney-general—a position in which legal experience and a calm judgment are especially required and both of which qualities are conspicuous by their absence in the youthful and extremely popular member for Kildonan.

The strongest member on the opposition side is A. C. Killam, of Winnipeg south. He is a man of the highest character, an excellent lawyer and a keen debater. After several passages at arms the government, and especially the attorney-general, have learned to give him as little occasion for criticism as possible. Mr. Martin too, of Portage la Prairie, has been a thorn in the side of the government. It was he who brought to light the fact that W. N. Kennedy, a prominent supporter of the government, had kept for three years and speculated with \$10,000 of government money which had come into his hands as registrar, and that at a time too when the province was in the greatest straits for want of cash. Mr. Greenway, who is leader of the opposition in virtue of being a clever popular speaker, is backed by these two and by several keen business men of good executive ability such as Messrs. Conklin, Ball and Jackson, and his following although few in number is of far higher average ability than the rank and file of those who occupy the back seats on the government side and who are mostly men of few words and not very original ideas. They come mostly from little pocket boroughs along the Red and Assiniboine rivers, the constituents of which, according to the ridiculous distribution of seats in force at present, have five times the voting power of settlers in new districts further west. Besides the somewhat limited array of talent that adorns the treasury benches the only government supporter worthy of mention is Dr. Harrison, a wealthy physician from Ontario, who has metaphorically beaten his scalpel into a pruning hook and is now the proud possessor of a big farm near Minnedosa. He is a popular man and a plausible speaker, and rumor has it that he aspires to fill the shoes of the premier.

The argument that by keeping in accord with the federal government the provincial legislature will be able to secure for its claims a more favorable consideration has long been a favorite one with the premier and his followers, and it is hardly to be expected while the legislature is so dependent on the good will of the Dominion, both financially and as to its course of action, that any very independent or valuable legislation will gladden the hearts of the people of Manitoba.

MANITOBA CROP REPORTS.

The Manitoba department of agriculture and statistics has sent out its first report based on returns made by various correspondents throughout the province. This bulletin which was issued in June contains a great deal of valuable and interesting information in regard to the crop prospects for the year. The bulletins are to be issued regularly during the season by a large number of correspondents distributed throughout the province. There are 450 townships in Manitoba; in 404 of these correspondents have been selected, and of these 247 have made returns for the June number of the bulletin.

The report mentions the fact that for lack of railway facilities, especially in the southwestern and north-western parts of the province, a considerable part of last year's crop has not been marketed at all. It is estimated that 11 per cent. of the wheat crop of the province is still in the hands of the growers, and 18 per cent. of the oat crop. The pushing on of the Manitoba and Northwestern to the Little Saskatchewan this summer will remedy the evil in that district, but unless the Manitoba Southwestern or the C.P.R. southwestern branch give assurance that they will be extended towards the Souris before another season is over there is nothing for the farmers of the south-west but to curtail the amount of their acreage.

Fall wheat has been sown solely for experimental purposes, only 10½ acres having been seeded in the 247 townships heard from. Of this five acres are reported winter killed and plowed up, the remainder looking well. Before the issue of the next bulletin full enquiries will be made of the correspondents in the six townships from which fall sowing is reported asking the variety of seed used and all other particulars. Owing to the late harvest and the subsequent wet season the area of fall plowing did not show a very heavy increase over that of 1881, but the deficiency was more than made up by the greater breadth turned over in the spring. The amount of land prepared for cultivation shows an increase of 57 per cent. over that of the previous year. The only decreases were along the Red river north of Winnipeg and in one case near Rapid city. The dates of spring plowing are also given, the general period of commencement being about the middle of April though March 29 is mentioned in township 9 range 1 east.

In the matter of spring wheat the comparative acreage in the province shows an increase of 54 per cent. over 1882. The dates when seeding began and ended are given in the tabulated reports. In the variety of seed used there is a marked improvement. The low prices obtained for soft wheat last season has had a wholesome influence, and coupled with the exertions of the board of agriculture have resulted in the sowing of a much larger proportion of Red Fife than in any previous year. White Fife has been sown to some extent, but not nearly so much as in 1882. Golden Drop is reported in 27 townships, White Russian in 26, Red Chaff in 4, Lost Nation in 4, Red Fern in 3, and Defiance in 1.

The breadth devoted to oats, which is next in importance to wheat as a Manitoba crop, has increased in about a similar proportion, the comparative acreage showing an increase of 58 per cent.

The acreage devoted to barley shows an increase of 36 per cent. Field peas, flax and corn show a considerable increase, but the amount of land devoted to them is still insignificant. Rye is only reported as sown in two townships. Sugar cane is reported in four townships where it is being experimented with. Potatoes have increased an average of 38 per cent. over 1882, and other field roots nearly as much.

The weather during seeding though cold was dry and every way favorable. The crop appearances are described as first rate, and the prospects for an excellent harvest have never been better.

Like almost every other line of business in the North-West, there is a probability that cattle ranching will be overdone. The price of ranch stock has nearly doubled within the last two years, and they must be exceedingly sanguine who expect to realize large profits after purchasing at present figures. Those who have experience in the business and adaptation for it may by prudent management still make money, but the formation of companies for the purpose of investment may well be looked upon now with suspicion, especially when the companies are formed of men who have never in their lives set eyes on either a ranching range or a Montana steer.

NORRIS & CAREY,

Beg to inform their numerous customers and the public at large that they have just received a first-class assortment of

DRY GOODS, AND

READY-MADE CLOTHING

LADIES' WEAR A SPECIALTY.

Ready-made dresses of latest style and finish, hats of all kinds, flowers, feathers, kid gloves, etc., etc.

Also a large assortment of

GROCERIES,

STATIONERY, and

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which they are prepared to sell at low figures.

FORTY CART LOADS

Of fancy groceries to arrive shortly.

The public will find it to their advantage to give us a call and inspect our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

CASH IS OUR MOTTO.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS.

We are selling goods cheaper than any other first-class establishment in the North-West. An examination of the goods is sufficient evidence to prove this assertion. Our stock is composed of staple articles required in this country.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

If prices not satisfactory, no offence if purchases not made.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

CHEAP CASH STORE.

LOCAL.

W. KEITH has moved out of town to his farm near Clover bar.

THE Rev. Canon Cooper and Mr. A. Brecht leave for Calgary on Monday morning.

The water in the river has been falling steadily all week and the chances in favor of another boat arriving are very shadowy.

S. PAVEL arrived on the 15th from Battleford with twelve head of oxen for the Indian department, which he delivered at Riviere du Barre farm.

LAST week we stated that the eastern boundary of the H.B.Co. Edmonton town plot had been moved a chain and a half west, but we were in error as it was the Prince Albert town plot that was meant.

MR. STEINHAUER, son of the Rev. H. B. Steinhauer, of Whitefish lake, was a passenger by the last stage from Calgary. He has just completed his studies at the Collegiate Institute, Cobourg, Ont., and has returned to the North-West to take charge of one of the Methodist schools in this district.

ONE of the men employed on Beatty's survey party accidentally slipped while getting off a cart and fell at the heels of the horse, frightening the animal and causing him to run away. The unfortunate man was picked up insensible, when it was found the wheel had run over his face, knocking out several of his teeth and loosening the others. He also received several cuts on the face and one ear was nearly severed from his head.

AMONG our latest arrivals is the Rev. Canon Cooper, F.R.G.S., formerly a missionary of the society for propagation of the gospel, in Australia and New Zealand, where he spent seventeen years in mission work in the great gold mining districts of Victoria and the Alps of New Zealand. Canon Cooper was selected in consequence of his large missionary experience to undertake his present mission to Manitoba and the North-West for the purpose of viewing and reporting on matters connected with the S.P.G. He left England in April, and has travelled through southern Manitoba holding services, organizing new districts, and starting the building of several new churches. He left Troy on the 4th of July without any guide and only accompanied by a young English gentleman (Mr. Albrecht) and has since that date himself driven 800 miles through the country, visiting Prince Albert, Battleford, Ft. Pitt, Victoria, arriving in Edmonton on Tuesday last. Canon Cooper thinks the country between Ft. Pitt and Edmonton the most interesting and picturesque he has seen, and the thirty miles from Sturgeon river to Edmonton one of the finest tracts for settlement in the North-West. So deeply impressed is he with the future of this country, and the importance to the church of England of being able to supply the ministrations of the church to the inhabitants, that he has given up his prospects of preferment at home and has accepted work in this diocese which has been offered him by the lord bishop of Saskatchewan. He hopes therefore to return from England in the spring bringing Mrs. Cooper with him.

A LENGTHY letter has been received from Mr. James Haney in vindication of his perseverance in the search for gold bearing quartz up the valley of the Saskatchewan. Considering the small size of the Bulletin, the length of his letter makes it impossible to insert the whole of it without displacing some of the other departments of the paper, but room is made for as much of it as will, it is believed, fairly represent Mr. Haney's case. After an introduction in which he says that it has been hinted to him that he is "a little off on the gold question but all right on other subjects," and confessing that his fault has been "to hold ideas and theories different from those already accepted and to follow them with a perseverance and an earnestness which might seem to some like insanity," he proceeds: "It is true, I have travelled over 2,500 miles in the last two years in a canoe courting nature and trying to penetrate her secrets. I found her to be a proud Deity, full of caprices and freaks, discouraging some and encouraging others according to her fancy. In her vast and variegated domain she does not always appear in the same mood or disposition, or the same garments, deceiving those who do not watch her closely. I do not mean, Mr. Editor, to say that I am her favorite. No; but she may give me a smile. Then I will be happy and forget hardship." Mr. Haney goes on to ask for a more generous judgment, or at least for a little more time, before his work is declared a failure, and reminds his critics that Galileo was declared a heretic and Columbus a lunatic. He makes rather a good point against some of his would-be critics by saying: "What makes me take a back seat and feel a little sheepish, Mr. Editor, is to be taken for a lunny on the very point where I thought I was smart." He concludes in this way: "What then; if I make the wilderness blossom and turn the desert and waste into a fairy land, where milk and honey will flow on a bedrock of gold, attended by jewelled nymphs with snowy fingers and sparkling eyes? What then; shall I be a magician, or a musician like Orpheus? Such is the world: the fool to-day may be the wise man to-morrow."

GENERAL NEWS.

A head of wheat was brought into Lucknow which contained 140 grains.

The Methodists of New Zealand are agitating for a union among the various branches of that body.

The Michigan Central has issued a circular advising the travelling public always to leave cars by the front door and to enter by the rear.

The amount of damage by the recent flood in the city of London has been equalled by the damage to the farms along the river about and below the city.

The body of Capt. Webb, the swimmer, was found in the Niagara river a short distance below Lewiston. It had a ragged cut in the top of the head, supposed to have been received from some of the projecting rocks at the entrance to the whirlpool.

English telegrams say: The late rains have retarded but not materially injured the crops. The English wheat crop is expected to yield 84,000,000 bushels. The German yield will be moderate, but France, Hungary, and Austria give full average crops.

A race came off a short time ago between a horse owned by Nez Perce Indians and one owned by Bloods. The former horse won, thereby making the Nez Perces rich in blankets. The Bloods were not going to be left in the bargain, so quietly stole back the blankets.

Tom Thumb died at Middleboro, Massachusetts, of apoplexy. He was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, in 1838, his real name being Charles H. Stratton. He had been before the public on both sides of the Atlantic for thirty years and had accumulated a fortune.

Apropos to Mr. Oscar Wilde's proposed appearance on the stage the Rochester Post-Express says: A cat that wouldn't gladly die for the privilege of having its dead body thrown at Oscar Wilde as Romeo must have a very poor comprehension of the beauties of Shakespeare.

The people of Denver in arranging for the entertainment of the grand army of the republic have erected 1,350 wall tents on a plateau which furnishes a view of the mountains for 200 miles, and have placed in position cooking apparatus to accommodate 20,000 veterans.

In the United States last year 121 criminals were hanged according to law and no less than 117 were lynched. It is said that about five out of every six murderers who were duly tried, convicted and sentenced to death, subsequently escaped the gallows by legal quibbles, the use of money, or by political influence.

The anniversary of the battle of the Boyne was commemorated by the Orangemen of Ontario by a grand gathering at Woodstock, the procession being over a mile in length. There was no public demonstration in Montreal. Three thousand men gathered in the Queen's park, Toronto, and marched three miles to the Exhibition park where they spent the day in games.

Mr. Hall, one of the largest lumber manufacturers in the world, and one of Canada's leading merchants, is in Newfoundland exploring the bay of Islands with a view to the establishment of a large lumbering business. He intends also to explore the river of Exploits, and if a grant of land can be secured from the government on favorable terms a large and flourishing business may be expected to be the result.

California is cursed with a gigantic railroad monopoly and it has become so oppressive at last that public meetings are being held in the principal towns and the whole state is setting itself in battle array. A railway commission appointed by the government has recommended that a reduction of 22 per cent. be made in the freights and fares of the Central Pacific but it is doubtful if the people will be satisfied with this concession. California is held fast in the power of this monopoly which prevents it from marketing its fruits and destroys its chances as a field for settlement.

This seems destined to be a year of horrors in the matter of life and property-destroying storms and inundations. Following close upon the heels of the Mississippi and Missouri floods, and the London disaster detailed in last week's issue, comes the account of a dreadful storm of wind, rain and hail, on the 16th of July, which swept over Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas and Iowa, but seems to have done its worst in Illinois. The growing crops were crushed into the earth by hail stones which in Geneseo, Ill., are said to have been as large as tea cups. Scarcely a town escaped without untold houses, wrecked buildings, and shade trees blown down, while in some places the hail did not leave a whole pane of glass in the north side of any of the houses. At Acheson, Kansas, two freight cars were blown from the track. In Scott county, Iowa, a track forty miles square is devastated, and in Black Hawk county thousands of acres of grain were completely ruined. All along the line of the storm hundreds of cattle were killed by lightning but only a few human lives were lost.

PROFESSIONAL.

D. R. MUNRO, Physician and Surgeon. Office first door west of Bulletin building, Main street, Edmonton.

D. R. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

JOSEPH V. KILDAHL, Solicitor of the High Court of Judicature in Ireland. Temporary office—Ross' hotel, Edmonton.

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

JOHN B. McKILLIGAN, Land Broker, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Commissioner in B.R., etc. Office, 366 Main street, Winnipeg.

BLEECKER & HAMBLY, Barristers, Notaries Public, Commissioners for taking Affidavits in Manitoba and Ontario. Office in Villiers & Pearson's old store, Main street, Edmonton.

STUART D. MULKINS, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Coal Claims and Timber Limits located, and general information afforded on application. Thirteen years experience in Manitoba and the North-West. Office first door east of Jasper House, Main street, Edmonton, N.W.T.

W. M. STIFF, Real Estate Agent, Accountant and Conveyancer. Property bought and sold on commission, accounts collected, estates managed for non-residents, information furnished to intending settlers. All correspondence promptly attended to. Office in Masonic Hall building, Main st., Edmonton.

K. OSWALD, late of Oswald Brothers, Montreal, Real Estate and Land Agent, and General Commission Broker, Calgary, N.W.T. All orders for purchase and sale of real estate, farms, ranches, range supplies, agricultural implements, horses, cattle, and other general business promptly attended to. References:—Major general Strange, Military colonization company's ranche, near Calgary; C. Sharples, Esq., Calgary; W. B. Searth, Esq., Toronto; Hon. A. P. Caron, minister of militia, Ottawa; Lieut.-col. Irvine, chief commissioner N.W.M.P., Regina; C. Sweeney, bank of Montreal, Winnipeg; W. R. Oswald, Esq., Montreal; C. J. Wyde, Esq., Halifax, N.S.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

RESTAURANT.—F. Pagerie has opened a restaurant in Jas. McDonald's building, opposite Frank Oliver's store, and solicits a share of the patronage of his friends and the public generally. Meals at all hours—50c each, 10 for \$4.50, and 21 for \$9. Pies, cakes and bread always on hand and for sale.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

CHURCHES.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday. Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. C. SCOLLEN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.—D. C. Sanderson, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND—All Saints.—Incumbent, Rev. Canon Newton, Ph. Doc. Services on Sundays at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. Indian service at the close of the afternoon service. Residence at the Hermitage. Members of the church coming to Edmonton are invited to call on the clergyman.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor—the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M.A., B.D. Sabbath services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath school at 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and meeting for the practice of sacred music on Friday evening at 7.30. The usual Sabbath morning service will be interrupted by Mr. Baird's monthly visit to Fort Saskatchewan, on August 19th.

MENICHO & CHAMBERLAYNE,

GENERAL MERCHANTS, FORT SASKATCHEWAN, Will keep constantly on hand a first-class assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries and Hardware, especially selected for the trade there, which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. Remember the place—Haly's old store, east of the fort.

BUSINESS.

J. R. BURTON, Carpenter and Contractor. Estimates given. Doors, sash, etc., etc., made to order.

JAMES O'BRIEN & CO., wholesale clothiers, College buildings, Montreal, and Princess street, Winnipeg.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop on Jasper Avenue, in rear of Methodist Church, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horseshoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

ROBT. D. RICHARDSON, wholesale and retail Bookseller, Stationer, Blank Book Manufacturer and Fine Job Printer. The corner next the post office, Winnipeg.

ST. JEAN BROS., Cabinet Makers, and dealers in all kinds of household furniture. With new and improved machinery, are prepared to execute orders on short notice. Steam factory, Main st., Edmonton.

BANNATYNE & CO., successors to A. G. B. Bannatyne, Wholesale Grocers, and dealers in provisions, wines and liquors. Special attention given to packing goods for the North-West. 383 Main street, Winnipeg.—A. R. J. Bannatyne, Andrew Strang.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st., Edmonton.

CLARKSON & TOLHURST, Merchant Tailors and Gentlemen's Outfitters. A choice assortment of Scotch and English Tweeds always on hand. All orders by mail, accompanied by remittance, will receive prompt attention. No. 253 Main street, Winnipeg.

STALKER & HUTCHINGS, wholesale and retail dealers in and manufacturers of Horse Clothing, Harness and Saddlery. Special attention paid to orders from the North-West. Wholesale—419 Main street, Winnipeg. Retail—307 Main street, Winnipeg, and opposite post office, Portage la Prairie.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The following goods have lately been received and are now for sale, cheap for cash, at the Bulletin office:

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

Complete lot of reading books, grammars, geographies, arithmetics, histories, slates and slate pencils, copy books, maps, chalk crayons and blackboard erasers.

CHURCH BOOKS.

Bibles, English church prayer books, Presbyterian and Methodist hymn books.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

The works of all the leading poets, historic, scientific and religious works by popular authors, story books for children, and a lot of novels.

BLANK BOOKS.

Complete sets of accountants' books, copying letter books, invoice books, passbooks, memorandums, workmen's time books, promissory note and receipt books, diaries, etc.

GENERAL STATIONERY.

Foolscap, letter and note paper, envelopes, drawing paper and pencils, ordinary lead and copying pencils, ink of all colors, pens and penholders, inkstands, pen racks, card racks, blotting paper and blotting pads, board clips, letter files, paper fasteners, ink and pencil erasers, rubber bands, legal forms, seals and sealing wax, letter balances.

FANCY GOODS, ETC.

Autograph albums, ladies and gents card cases, birthday and calling cards, music rolls and portfolios, chess and checker boards, chessmen and checkers, dominoes, cards.

GENERAL NEWS

Sawmills are blazing in Rat Portage. Illicit whiskey selling in Rat Portage is decreasing.

Wheat at Portage la Prairie sells at from 65 to 75 cents a bushel.

The Ogilvie milling company are building a new elevator at Brandon.

C. K. Ibbister has left to Manitoba university property valued at \$60,000.

The name of the post office at Poplar Heights has been changed to Redburn.

Calcutt's brewery, which was burned down some time ago, is to be rebuilt in St. Boniface.

Farmers of the Ottawa valley have just harvested the heaviest hay crop in twenty years.

Brandon is mad because some schemers have got the court house away to the east end of the town.

Five thousand men and three thousand teams will be employed all winter on the Rocky mountain division of the C.P.R.

It is said that nearly all the Caughnawaga Indians have been neglecting their farms and travelling in the states with circus shows.

Ottawa city and Carleton county have been fined \$4,000 by the chancery court for neglecting to repair a bridge over the Rideau river.

Calgary is to have a newspaper—the Herald. It will be published by A. M. Armour, formerly of the Minnedosa Star, and Mr. Braden of the Peterboro collegiate institute.

Ten sheep belonging to a Scarborough farmer were killed by lightning. He brought them to Toronto and sold them to the butchers, the inspector having pronounced the meat fit for human food.

It is stated confidently by men well qualified to judge that bee-keeping on the prairies may be carried out profitably, and that there is millions in it for some enterprising lover of the busy little bee.

Seymour and Nolan have established a new ferry across the South Branch about twenty miles from Hatchee, which it is claimed shortens the trail from Humboldt to Prince Albert twenty miles.

Mechanics in Winnipeg get from \$2.25 to \$2.75, but it is only very good men who can obtain the latter figure. Laborers in the city get \$1.50 to \$1.75 a day, and harvest hands \$25 to \$30 a month and board.

Agitations are going on in several parts of Ontario to have farmers' produce weighed by public weighers when it is brought to town for sale. The farmers complain that they are frequently defrauded by unscrupulous dealers who use their own scales.

Archdeacon McDonald, a native of Winnipeg, who has been a missionary in the Arctic circle for twenty years, is in Winnipeg en route for England where he purposes publishing the new testament and the church of England prayer book in the language of the Indian tribes around Fort Yukon.

The Winnipeg board of aldermen have voted down the following reforms which have been proposed as part of the new city charter. The right of women to vote; compelling citizens to pay their municipal taxes before exercising the privileges of the franchise; vote by ballot; a permanent auditor.

The corner stone of the new St. John's college, Winnipeg, has been laid. The erection of the wing which is being built at present was begun about two months ago. It will cost about \$70,000. The entire building when completed will cost about \$250,000. It will be a brick structure erected on a stone foundation.

Mr. Norquay proposed to raise the fee for marriage licenses from \$6 to \$7.50, but the increase was protested against as a relic of barbarism and the bill was allowed to stand over. The fee in the North-West is only \$3, and in cases where it is not convenient to procure a license it may be dispensed with altogether.

The Primitive Methodist colonization company, north of Qu'Appelle, is having trouble with its settlers. The company is trying to exact an additional \$10 for homestead entry. The settlers have already paid \$5 more than the government fee, and they show a strong disposition to resist the additional levy. As far as regards numbers the colony is a success. About a dozen wintered on the place last year, and now there is a settlement of between 120 and 150.

Since the opening of the Thunder bay branch of the C.P.R. there has been a reduction of freight rates on the all-rail routes which shows that the monopoly is broken.

And not only this but instead of their former haughty independence, railway officials have become extremely obsequious to customers.

They advertise that they will pay the fees for bonding, entry, cancellation of bonding certificates, which have heretofore been charged to shippers. The new freight rates cover the entire cost of transportation, and freight will come through without breaking bulk until delivery is made in Manitoba.

A. W. Ross during his recent visit to Britain has been successful in interesting English capitalists in a scheme for establishing a Northwestern bank. They are prepared to invest \$5,000,000, and the only difficulty now in the way is a defect in the banking laws of the Dominion which will be removed next session.

From the Ft. MacLeod Gazette of July 24: Alex. Vance arrived from British Columbia with a band of 200 mares and young stock. Several cases of horse stealing are before the courts. Irrigating ditches are being constructed. When gambling outfits are confiscated at Calgary instead of being destroyed they are sold by auction thus making it possible to use them for the same purpose again.

Plans are being prepared in St. Paul for a new car yard and planning mill to be erected west of the present machine shop in the C.P.R. yard at Winnipeg. The C.P.R. company do not intend to build their own cars in Winnipeg at present, but this building is to be erected to enable them to carry on the repair of cars much more extensively than is done at present. Hitherto they have been under the necessity of sending their rolling stock, both cars and engines, to St. Paul for repairs.

From the Prince Albert Times of August 11: Rats of sawlogs are arriving every few days for Moore & McDowall's mill. McKay's saw mill commenced running last week. A Freybyrian mission station has been organized in McNeill's settlement; the contract for completing the church has been let. Wardens of McNeill's have been laying out 100 lots in Kinistino. They report twenty-seven buildings in process of erection in the neighborhood. Auction sales are the order of the day—dry goods and town lots. The cargo which the Marquis was obliged on account of the lowness of the water to discharge at the Forks included several self-binders which it will be difficult to get forward in time for harvest. Thos. Welsh and G. W. Scott have arrived from an outfit of general goods. A meeting called to elect school trustees failed for want of a quorum.

From the Ft. MacLeod Gazette of July 14: Good Young Man, but Young Man, and Always takes the Gun, were sentenced the first for ten months and the others for a year's imprisonment for killing cattle. The Gazette complains that imprisonment like this will only encourage a continuance of the mischief, and hints that stockmen will take the matter into their own hands and that some day "here will be a dead Indian. Five buffalo were killed by Indians 35 miles west of Medicine Hat and numerous hands have been sent in that vicinity. It is impossible to get whiskey into Medicine Hat, because the railway officials steal it. Half a dozen wagons arrive daily from the railroad and the town is flooded with new comers. Potatoes have been damaged by frost. Inspector Howe, of Ft. MacLeod, is to be stationed at Calgary. Rev. J. W. Tims has come as a missionary to the Blackfeet. A post office has been established with T. D. Tims as postmaster. The bulk of the goods will be received this year from Canada via the C.P.R. and the customs dues will be proportionately less. The police are ordered to the destruction of 15 horses recovered from thieves.

The following business men in the North-West have assigned in trust: J. R. Cameron & Co., clothiers; Carter & Smith, Potter house; Dr. J. F. Kolls, druggist; T. N. Scripture, furniture dealer; Rowe & Newton, wholesale dry goods; J. A. Garley, clothing; D. W. Mills & Co., butchers—all of Winnipeg. J. R. O'Neal, butcher, Brandon; T. S. Menzies, general store, Carleton Place; Morlin & Talhoun, clothiers, Emerson; and G. E. Madson, general store, Qu'Appelle. The following are in possession of the ballot or have been sold out by the sheriff: A. D. McLean, grocer; R. J. Butler, jeweller; White & Gibson, restaurant; Geo. Major, boots and shoes; C. Fletcher & Co., groceries; R. H. Peterson, groceries—all of Winnipeg. G. Hodder & Son, groceries and liquors, Winnipeg; E. J. Folks, saw mill, Beauséjour; and Whiting & Co., general store, Virden. P. A. Gratton, general store, Carman city, and Leask & Rose, general store, Brandon, are in financial difficulties. Wright & Wright, stores and hardware, Brandon, have compromised at fifty cents on the dollar. The paper mill at Portage la Prairie is still running and it is hoped that Mr. McIlvaine's difficulties will be only temporary.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, August 24th, 1883. Reported for the BUREAU by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

| | Max. | Min. |
|-----------|------|------|
| Saturday | 62 | 45 |
| Sunday | 67 | 40 |
| Monday | 58 | 39 |
| Tuesday | 57 | 36 |
| Wednesday | 66 | 34 |
| Thursday | 71 | 42 |
| Friday | 79 | 43 |

Barometer rising, 27.810.

During the week the rainfall amounted to 14 inches.

A. L. ASHDOWN,

GENERAL MERCHANT, ST. ALBERT.

Choice Teas and Tobaccos, Fresh Groceries and a full assortment of Clothing and Boots & Shoes—all of which will be sold at or below Edmonton prices.

A. L. ASHDOWN.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

STOVES—

Comprising Reaper, Glenwood, Provincial, Dauntless. These are cooking stoves numbered 8 and 9, fully furnished and from best makers.

Box Stoves—No. 31 Fulton, No. 5 Onward, No. 22 Mansard, No. 25 Star, No. 26 Vulcan, No. 23 Greenwood. These stoves are of different shapes and sizes, of finest workmanship and latest designs.

As a large number of these stoves were bought and paid for long before reaching here, and the rush there has been on them since their arrival, we would advise parties in want of stoves to lose no time in making their selections so as to save disappointment.

TO ARRIVE—

More car load stoves, direct from the manufacturers, and comprised principally of coal stoves.

FULL LINES—

Dry goods, ready-made clothing, hats and caps, boots and shoes, crockery, hardware, tinware, groceries, patent medicines.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT—

In full operation, and Mr. Henderson becoming quite popular from the new men he is turning out.

TO THE FARMERS AND CITIZENS—

We have pleasure in announcing that our hay scale is now in working order and at the service of the public.

N.B.—

As it is impossible to secure the whole of the Bulletin for our advertisement, one line each week will be advertised so as to do some justice to our immense and varied stock.

JNO. A. McDOUGALL & CO.

THE COCHRANE RANCHE COMPANY (Limited).

ECW RIVER, N.W.T.

Breeders of Short Horn, Hereford and Polled Aberdeen cattle, and of Clydesdale and Thoroughbred horses.

Cattle branded "C" on left hip, and under bit out of left ear.

Horses branded "C" on left shoulder.

F. WHITE,

Address Calgary, N.W.T. Manager.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S FARMING LANDS

FOR SALE IN MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST

The Hudson's Bay Company own 7,000,000 acres in the Great Fertile Belt, and now offer for sale.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND ACRES

already surveyed by the Government of Canada.

Town lots also for sale in Winnipeg, West Lynne, Rat Portage, Portage la Prairie, Goshen and Edmonton, N.W.T.

The above will be disposed of at reasonable prices and on easy terms of payment.

Full information in regard to these lands will be given at the offices of the Company in Winnipeg and Montreal.

C. J. BRIDGES, Land commissioner.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE

STUART D. MULKINS,

Sole agent in Edmonton for the sale of lots on the

ROBERTSON & MCGINNIS PROPERTY, Lot No. 12, Edmonton;

MACDONALD & McLEOD PROPERTY, Lot No. 14, Edmonton;

MACDONALD & LAMOREAUX PROPERTY, City of Saskatchewan.

Plans may be seen at my office.

Terms easy. Office Lot 37, Block 2, Robertson & McGinnis estate.

JOHN SINCLAIR & CO.

The undersigned beg to announce to the public of Edmonton and vicinity that they are a out to open up a business as

GENERAL MERCHANTS

In the above name, at the store in the

MASSONIC HALL BUILDING.

By keeping always on hand a good stock of first-class articles at the lowest possible figures, and by strict attention to the wants of our customers we hope to obtain a fair share of public patronage.

Our stock of goods is now open and ready for inspection. We trust all our friends will favor us with a call.

JOHN SINCLAIR, CHAS. SUTTER, COLIN FRASER.

Edmonton, 9th July, 1883.

BROWN & CURRY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Bag to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North-West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTENT WITH.

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BROWN & CURRY.